EVENING SESSION.

The Convertion reassembled at 7 o'clock.
On calling it to order, the PRESIDENT asked for the report on the New-York contested seats.

Mr. Cook reported that neither claiment for any contested seat was entitled to the same. [Laughter

Mr. MITCHELL moved an informal ballot be taken

for Governor. Carried.

Messrs. Howell of Westchester, and Martindale of

Monroe, were appointed tellers.

Mr. Hiskier of Chautauque stated that it was re

ported that Patterson's name was dropped. It was not so. It was true, he was not backed by a large lobby; but if outsiders were to settle these questions, it was better for the Convention to adjourn. He hoped that members disposed to vote for Patterson would do so.

The voting then commenced and the result was as

Clark	18 Whitney
Spaulding	16 Patterenn
Harris	14 J. B. Williams
Pilmenn	11 Hunt
A formal ballot was	then taken with the following
result:	
	31 Harris
Clut	15 Patterson
Spaulding	19 Whitney
Savage c	27 January 1
Ulimenn	16 Williams

As the name of Clark was called cheers and hisse The Convention then proceeded to another ballot

On the third ballot

nominated unanimously for Governor, amid loud Those in the lobby now rapidly retired An informal ballot was then taken for Lieutenant-

An informal band was then delieved
Governor, and the result is as follows:
Rawmond 5s, Wedgewood
Wilkin 15, Varnum
Savage 24 C. E. Clark
Benedict 18 Mr. Bisdsers of Kings withdrew the name of

Savage.

A motion was then made to adjourn and lost.

After which HENRY J. RAYMOND was not nated for Lieutenant Governor by acclamation, amid fhundering applause. An attempt was now made to adjourn, which did

not succeed: A motion made to nominate HENRY FITZUCOR by scolamation for Canal Commissioner was lost.

DAN. B. WRIGHT and SAM'I. P. RUSSELL WORK then named. ALEX. P. WILLIAMS was also proposed. In the midst of confusion that was almost intol-erable, a ballot was taken. It resulted as follows:

was as follows: Williams..... Pitzhugh Wright.... itshugh 47 Russell
Vight 18 Bowne.
The third ballet having an overplus vote, it was

An ineffectual effort was again made to adjourn. A motion was then made to vote riva roce. Mr. Hawitt offered to quit if they would allow him to speak. He wanted the Convention to adjourn.

The uproar was now excessive.

Mr. Hewitt showed hard symptoms of a fight brandishing his cane and hallooing to the top of his

Mr. Conkline spoke earnestly against voting rise roce, and said there was nothing in this nomina fion to justify this proceeding [Cheers.] Lost. Mr. Lansing of Madison said there had been as

nusual excitement about this office.

He was greeted with loud and repeated hisses which were designed to silence him, but they failed

He then urged vehemently members to name their

Mr. MOTT proposed that the members should all take their seats, and all then would go on quietly. The President beat with his hammer till sor

of order was restored. Again a motion to adjourn was made and lost. Mr. THORN wanted to know whether the members

were voting, or the outsiders. [Uproar.]
Mr. THORN called for the Ayes and Noes on adournment till 8 o'clock.

Mr. Hawayy-Of this Convention, not outsiders. The uproar now increased considerably. Ayes and

Mr. Thous-That's right, now burrah. [Excessive Motion lost-Ayes 45. Nays 69.

While the last bailet was being taken, THURLOW WEED appeared on the stand, and quiet was re-The result was:

Wright Six cheers were given, and on the motion of Ros-COR CONKLING, HENRY FITZHUGH was unanimously nominated.

A motion made to adjourn till morning was de-clared lost.

The mover eried out that every outsider voted Nay. The vote was then taken for State Prison Inspector. which was as follows :

Much confusion prevailing-a motion made to adburn, and lost.

Several propositions were made, and the balloting commenced with the following result :

NORWOOD BOWNE was then unanimously

cominated by the Convention. The Committee on resolutions then reported the

Resolved, That the Whigs of New-York cherish nov

as they have ever done a cordial and immovable at tachment to the Federal Union, and to the Constitu-tion, as having been framed and ordained to establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to curelyes and our posterity, and that they will resist

justice, insure domestic tranquillity, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to curselves and our posterity, and that they will resist any attempt from any quarter to divide the one or violate the other, or to divert either from the beneficent purposes for which they were established.

Resoured, That the passage by the framers of the Constitution and the fathers of the republic of the ordinance of 1787 clearly established as a cardinal principle with them that Slavery should be forever prohibited in the territories of the United States.

Resoured, That we cordially approve of the firm and manly atand of the Whig Senators of the State of New York in defense of the rights of the Free States, and maintenance of the principles and policy of the Whig party, and that we tender our grateful thanks to those members of Congress who resisted with fixed fidelity the breach of public faith involved in the repeal of the Misseuri Compromise.

Resolved, That by the act procuring the repeal of the Misseuri Compromise who had been a forever released from all obligations to support any compromise with Blavery, except such as are contained at the Constitution of the United States; and most especially that we are forever released from all obligations to admit into our Union any State which sanctions or permits Slavery.

Resolved, That the recent action of Congress, stimulated and approved by the President, whereby the compounds is repudiated, and the vast Territory known as Nebraska and Kansas opened to Slavery, has already received the unqualified condemnation of the Whigs of New York, and we point with satisfaction and prids to the fact that not a single Whig member of either House of Congress from this or any other free States wields. and pride to the fact that not a single Whig member of sither House of Congress from this or any other free State yielded any sort of support, countenance,

or favor to that most anjust and unrightenus pro-

or favor to that most unjust and unrightenes proceeding.

Resolved, That a measure so pervacing and momentous in its scope and influence, so vitally affecting the reputation and destiny of our whole country as the establishment or introduction of human slavery throughout a portion of the national domain larger than the old Thirteen States, can with propriety be referred to no tribunal less executing and demanding than that composed of the whole American people, and we protest against its diversion under the false and deceptive dry of popular cry of "pepular sovereignty," from this august tribunal to one composed of the few hundreds or thousands of aquatters who may encamp in said territy, as a palpable derafiction from duty, under a pretext too fimsy to mislead any but those anxious to be deluded and eager to be led astray.

Resolved, That against the principles involved in the Nebraska bill, in their application either to territory now belonging to the Union or hereafter to be acquired, the Whirz of New-Tork will struggle with equal resolution and confident that they "shall" not, and confident that they "cannet" receive the sanction of the American people, and in this struggle we invite the co-operation on terms of equality and fraternity of all sincere and earnest champions of Free Labor and Free-Soil.

Resolved, That in the recent velo of the River and Harbor bill we receive a legitimate consequence of that political dogma which regards war and conquest as the principal business of the Government, and exteems all devotion on public resources, and energies to extend the domain of industry and cherich the arts of peace as a violation of public duty; and we trust this malign veto will open many eyes to the truth that the policy which is indicates involved its supporters in a perpetual collision with the public welfare and a war on common sense.

Resolved, That we congratulate the people of this State on the final triumpl, long and disastrously delayed by political hostility of the Whig policy which have followe

Mr. MARTINDALE wanted the honor as well as the pleasure of moving the adoption of these resolutions. He said, thank God we breathe once more. We are right. When the opportunity has been offered us the Whig party has been arrayed under the banner of freedom. He felt glorified to know that the time had come when compromises would all be repudiated. We breathe freely again. Representing Western New-York, he congratulated them that the Whig party was disenthralled, redeemed. [Thundering

Mr. Conklin was called out and greeted. He said the Whig party, the Republican party, the true Democratic party is to move together against the common foe. This is the influence of moral reaction. GEORGE DAWSON followed, pledging himself to support the Whig ticket through the campaign.

Mr. Lansing of Madison was in favor of the nominations, from the one first named to the last one on the platform.

The PRESIDENT promised to make as much "disturbance" for the ticket next fall as had been made here. Mr. MILLIKEN offered a resolution taking radical ground against the Fugitive law. (Hisses, and loud calls of "withdraw," "withdraw." He did so.

The series of resolutions were then adopted by the

Convention, and after a vote of thanks to the officers the Convention adjourned.

> WAR UPON THE KNOW-NOTHINGS. WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Sept. 20, 1854.

The attempt to reorganize the Democratic party upon the basis of opposition to the Know-Nothings has served to relieve the monotony existing here. To night a mass meeting was held at Carusi's Saloon consisting of some five or six hundred persons. Postmaster Berrett was appointed President, with a large number of Vice-Presidents and Secretaries. Th Committee on Business presented a preamble and

Committee on Business presented a preamble and resolutions, of which the following is the spirit:

That, whereas. The Democratic party has ever striven to maintain the guarantees of the Constitution in purity, and whereas, a certain organization has sprung up, having for its object the curtailment of the rights of adopted citizens, therefore.

Resolved, That the Democratic party will wage unceasing war upon the secret organization of Know-Nothings, and for that purpose will form a National Democratic Association: that we will forget political antecedents, and cortially invite Whigs and all others to join us in our efforts; that we have confidence in the wisdom and integrity of President Pierce's Administration; and that all Know-Nothings be removed from place under the Administration, &c.

Upon taking the vote on the resolutions, the negatives were decidedly in the ascendant, but, notwith-

tives were decidedly in the ascendant, but, not with-

standing, they were declared passed.

Mr. Florence of Philadelphia was then introduced and was received with groans and cries of " Water. He waited some minutes, but no disposition being ex-hibited to hear him speak, some of the speakers on the stand pitched into the Know-Nothings in violent

After considerable sharp shooting between a portion of the crowd and the speakers on the stand, both being indiscreet, the meeting adjourned to Friday afternoon-nothing having been done beyond the appointment of officers and the passage of the reso

This meeting is a matter of much importance, as from all the movements connected with it-appointment of officers, resolutions, &c.-it has the favor of the Administration, and is the commencement of the rolling of the Democratic Presidential ball.

The disturbance was created by not exceeding thirty persons, and could not be considered a party movement of those politically opposed to the object of the meeting.

Another death by cholera is reported.

Atterney-General Cushing is preparing to carry the Booth case, in which the Wisconsin Supreme Court decided against the constitutionality of the Fugitive Slave law, up to the Supreme Court of the United

The Treasury Department has commenced a suit against Beverly C. Sanders, late Collector at San Francisco, for an alleged balance due to the Gen-eral Government of \$20,000.

CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS.

CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS:

SYRACUSE, Wednesday, Sept. 20, 1854.

Henry C. Goodwin has been nominated by the Whig Congressional Convention, to fill the vacuum occasioned by the resignation of Gerrit Smith.

Detroit, Wednesday, Sept. 20, 1854.

William A. Howard, an Anti-Nebraska Whig.

this city, was nominated by a Whig Congressional Convention at Ann Arbor to-day.

The steamer Illinois is reported as having run on the rocks at Thunder Bay.

STEAMSHIP CITY OF PHILADELPHIA

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, Sept. 29-10 P. M. The rumor in New-York of the arrival below of the steamer City of Philadelphia is incorrect. She is now in her twenty-second day from Liverpool, and much anxiety is felt for her safety, especially since the publication of Lieut. Bartlett's letter describing the frightful weather experienced by the steamer Atlantic.

THE MAINE BLECTION

PORTLAND, Wednesday, Sept. 20, 1854. Reterns from remote towns in the State here been gradually reducing Morrill's supposed majority for the Governorship, and it is now thought that he will lack about a thousand votes of election by the people.

INDEPENDENT DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION IN NEW-HAMPSHIRE. CONCORD, Wednesday, Sept. 20, 1854.

The Independent Democrata of New-Hampshire

have called a State Convention, to meet at Concord on the 26th of October.

PROHIBITORY LAW CONVENTION.

TRESTON, N. J., Wednesday, Sept. 20, 1854. The State Prohibitory Law Convention met to-day in this city. The meeting was not so large as that seld last year, but was composed of a large number of influential citizens of different parts of the State. John W. Hazelton of Gloucester was Chairman assisted by a Vice-President from each County rep-

A Committee of one from each County we pointed on resolutions, who reported a series of re-solves arging united and energetic action in favor of the prohibition.

One was effered recommending independent political action in the several Counties in the State, in the selection of candidates for the Legislature. It was debated at length, and finally modified so as to allow such Counties as deemed it expedient to adopt a different policy. A mass meeting was held this evening, at which the

Rev. J. B. Wakeley and the Rev. T. L. Cuyler of New-York, and several other gentlemen, made speeches.

One thousand dollars was raised for the cause

U. S. UNIVERSALIST CONVENTION.

Philadelphia, Wednesday, Sept. 20, 1854.

The General Convention of Universalists of the United States essembled this morning at the Loun-bard st. Church, and organized by the election of the Rev. Gordon F. Mason of Pa, as Moderator; A. R. Abbott of R. I., Stated Clerk; Richard Eddy of New York Assistant.

Delegates are present from Maine, New-Hampshire, Vermont, Connecticut, Rhode Island, New-York, Massachusetts, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana. Illinois and Maryland. The Convention adjourned at 10 o'clock, to the

Musical Fund Hall, where the occasional sermon was preached by the Rev. T. B. Taylor.

The afternoon session of the Convention was occapied in hearing reports from the various States and

in discussing the new Constitution.

PARLIAMENT AT QUEBEC.

Quzezc, Wednesday, Sept. 20, 1854. The debate on the Governor-General's address was to have closed by agreement last night, but the opposition persisted, and the House sat all night, and now

at noon to-day is still sitting.

The test vote on the amendment to the paragraph relating to "Clergy Reserves," stood 80 for Minis

ters and 33 against them.

The address in answer to the Royal speech was passed, and the Minister sustained on every division by overwhelming majorities.

Lord Eigin is not likely to leave Canada until he

gives the royal assent to the Clergy Reserves Seculari-

SOUTHERN ITEMS.

BALLINGER, Wednesday, Sept. 20, 1854.

The New-Orleans Courier says that the yellow fever is increasing in malignity; that a greater number of persons were dying at the Charity Hospital, and that the mortality was increasing in private practice. The deaths at the Hospital for three days numbered ninety-five.

We have nothing later from Charleston, and the Savannah papers at hand contain no news of interest. Our city is full of strangers from the South and West. The hotels are crowded beyond all precedent, and there is a large business doing.

EXPLOSION OF A MAGAZINE.

St. Louis, Monday, Sept. 18, 1854. This morning, between 2 and 3 o'clock, a building temporarily occupied as a magazine for fire-works was struck by lightning, and a tromendous explosion immediately ensued. The building was entirely destroyed with all its contents, and two men who were sleeping on the premises were instantly killed. The less of property is about \$2,500.

CHOLERA AT PITTSBURGH. PITTSBURGH, Wednesday, Sept. 20, 1854.
There have been fifty-six deaths by cholera since

There have been Afty-six deaths by those sixes o'clock has hight.

From The Philadelphis Pennsylvanian, of yenerday morning.

Philadelphis Pennsylvanian, of yenerday morning.

To-day there has been over fifty deaths by cholera, and the community is becoming much frightened, and a large number of our citizens have left the city. The cases, to day, however, have sensibly decreased. We had a refreshing thander-storm this afternoon, which has now turned into a settled rain.

It now appears that there were eighty deaths by

cases, to day, however, have sensibly decreased.

had a refreshing thunder-storm this afternoon, which has now turned into a settled rain.

It now appears that there were eighty deaths by cholers yesterday, instead of sixty as reported, which makes the total number of deaths for the two days at least one hundred and forty.

From The Pittsburgh Gusette of 19th.

On Saturday evening, when our paper of yesterday was put to press, it really seemed as if the epidemic were about to abate, but the experience of yesterday has dispelled this hope. The disease was very violent on Sunday and but little less so yesterday. Where it will step it is now impossible to anticipate.

PROCLAMATION FROM THE MAYORS OF PITTS-BURGH AND ALLEGHANY.

WHEREAS, it has been signified to us that it is the wish of a large ard respectable portion of the community, acting in concert with the clerky of the two cities, that we shoult officially designate and set part a certain day for the purpose of "gone." ral fasting, huntilation and prayer," as an humble and devort acknowlediament of our dependance apon Almighty God, the Creator and Preserver of the universe, and our hope that He will, in his kind mercy, bless the earth, and, forzyting our sins, stretch forth His hand to the preservation of His afflicted people from all calamity, and especially to say the progress of peoflience among us: This, therefore, is to give public notice that THURSDAY, the Hist September, inst, is recommended by us as a proper day when the citizens of Fitsburgh and Alleghany.

What all called the progression of their hearts, make humble confession of their iss and applicate the birssings of offended Heaven against all immediate and future cause of tribuistion.

Given under our hands and seals this list day of September, and it is mediated to their several piaces of worship, and in the fall contrition of their hearts, make humble confession of their wins and supplicate the birssings of offended Heaven against all immediate and future cause of tribuistion.

Given under o

MECHANICS EXHIBITION AT PORTLAND.

PORTLAND, Wednesday, Sept. 20, 1854. The Mechanics Exhibition opened this afternoon in this place. It occupies the City and Lancaster Halls, which are connected by a temporary bridge. The exhibition is well filled, although many articles are still to arrive, and large quantities of things are not yet arranged. It makes a fine appearance and is

well attended.

SEVERE THUNDERSTORM. Boston, Wednesday, Sept. 20, 1854.

A short but severe thunderstorm was experienced at Newburyport this morning. The house of Mose Currier was struck and nearly torn to pieces. One of Timothy G. Coffin, an eminent lawyer of New-Bed-ford and the oldest member of the Bristol County bar,

died at New-Bedford yesterday.

George M. Dexter has been elected President of the

Vermont Central Railroad, in place of Edward Crane. SERIOUS RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

CINCINNATI, Weinesday, Sept. 20, 1854.

As the 11 o'clock train from Dayton, on the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad, was running round a heavy ourve near the depot in this city, the two hindermost passenger cars ran off the track and fell down an embankment, a distance of ten feet, into the canal, resting bottom-upward. No one, so far as ascertained, was killed, but upward of thirty persons were bedly injured.

DEATH OF JOHN W. TAYLOR.

Atsast, Wodnesisy, Sept. 20, 1851.

The Circiand Herald of last evening announces the death in that city of John W. Taylor, in the 71st year of his age. He was formerly of Saratoga County, New-York, and at one time Speaker of the House of Representatives.

POLITICAL INTELLIGENCE.

Chaufangue Co.—For Member of Assembly, 1.
Moses A. Tennan; 2. Elias S. Hudes; Justice of Sessions, Thomas G. Ellis of Foresville: County Treasurer, W. W. Hawkins of Mayville: Superintendent of Poor, David Declow of Mina.
DELEGATES TO THE FEER DEMOCRATIC STATE COX-

Oncida-1. Dr. PHILLED of Uties.

DELEGATES TO THE TEMPERANCE STATE CONVENTION. Oronge-1. PETER V. B. FOWLER was elected to represent the town of Newburgh; Thomas B. Scott, Montgomery; Harvey Weller, Crawford; Henry CORNELL, New-Windsor.

DELEGATES TO THE STATE TEMPERASSES CONVENTION.

Oneida .- 1. ED. BAMES, EPHRAIM PALMER, LEOS-ARD MOORE, and HUGH McALISTER. 2. POMEROT JONES, JAMES SPATON, HIRAM H. KELLOGG, and S. D. DERKER. 3. REUBEN BETTIS, CALVIN BISHOP, PLIMENT MATTOON, and O. B. PIERCE. 4. JOSEPH HALLACE, JOHN P. CARRETT, DIDTNES THONAS, and Wellington Dennison.

Herkimer. -- 1. Wm. H. Thomas, Ilion; Samuel.

McKez, West Winfield; S. B. Loomis, Litchfield; E. W. WILCOX, Cedarville.

Eric. -3. P. M. SANDFORD, Aurora; G. C. Ball.,

East Hamburgh; Crarges Wilson, Lancaster; and Jous S. Hows, Alden.

STATE CONVENTIONS, POLITICAL AND REFORM, AND THE STATE FAIR.

1. Free Democratic State Convention, at Auburn. Sept. 25.

2. Anti-Nebraska, at Auburn, Sept. 28.

3. Reform and Human Progress, at Peterboro. Sept. 24.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

The Board of Education held their usual weekly meeting yesterday afternoon-Erastus C. Benedict, resident, in the Chair. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved; after which the minutes of the Executive Committee were read and confirmed.
COMMUNICATIONS. - From C. W. Hawkins, Superintendent of Gas Works, recommending Kidder's gas regulator. Referred to Committee on Repairs, with

From the School Officers of the Sixteenth Ward,

intendent of Gas Works, recommending Kidder's gas regulator. Referred to Committee on Repairs, with power.

From the School Officers of the Sixteenth Ward, expressing by resolution of the teachers in that Ward. Referred to Committee of the Whole.

From the School Officers of the Fourth Ward, nominating Mr. Chas. H. Lyons as Inspector of said Ward; referred to Committee on Qualifications. From S. S. Randail, City Superintendent, relative to the method of education pursued in the Public Schools, and recommending a classification of the various departments of each school: also a careful revision of the class and text books; laid on the table and ordered to be printed. From Patrick McAuliffe for the payment of \$2,000 due to him for building Ward School in Fifteenth at., near Lexington-av., referred to Finance Committee.

RESOLUTIONS.—That the Superintendent of School Buildings deliver to the N. Y. Juvenile Asylum as many as may be needed of such seats, old desks, &c., for their use as may have been laid aside. Referred to Committee on Furniture, with power.

That the Flanetarium now in the Free Academy be transferred to the half of the Board of Education for the use of the Normal Schools. Referred to the Committee on the Free Academy.

That it be referred to the Finance Committee to prepare and submit to this Board the necessary papers for the Board of Education to make application to the Common Council for further appropriation for school purposes for the year 1854. Adopted.

That the Chairman of the Committees on the Free Academy, Normal Schools, on Finance, on Repairs and on Supplies the a Committee to inquire whether the employes of this Board are discharging their respective duties with ability and promptness. Adopted.

That the Chairman of the Committees on the Free Academy in favor of an appropriation of \$10,000 for support of said institution. Adopted.

Of Executive Committee, recommending appropriation of \$2,000 for the shop. Adopted.

Of Finance Committee, recommending appropriation of \$2,000 for the shop

CONVENTION OF LIBERAL SOCIETIES. Last evening the regular semi-mouthly meeting of this Convention was held at No. 80 Leonard-st., in the spartments of the French section, La Montague. The attendance was numerous. The chair was taken by Mr. HESSER of the Democratic Band, in the absence of the President, Dr. Ashenbrenner.

A report was presented from the Democratic Bund A report was presented from the Democratic Bund on the proposed License Law, taking decided ground against any License law, as inconsistent with the Constitution of the United States, which promises every individual freedom of trade. It recommended, instead, good education and example, and inspection of satiefes soid, to insure good quality. The Bund also reported in favor of the proposed Provision law, suggesting, however, that investigation should be had only on special requisition.

The vote of the Convention being taken, the License law was rejected, and the report of the Democratic Bund accepted, and put on record, as expressing the opinion of the Convention.

A Committee of three was appointed to collect, and report to the Convention on all existing prohibitory laws in the United States.

The Provision Law was put to the vote and carried without alteration, with only one dissentient voice.

A Committee of three was appointed to have the law put in form and presented to the Legislature.

Col. Foress inquired whither anything had been done by the Committee on a reply to Victor Hugo's appeal in favor of republican refugees.

Mr. Witerest, one of the Committee, said he found no sympathy in this country for European Democrata—nothing had been done.

It was moved and carried that the Convention should made every Wednesday until the election.

The delegate from the Musicaia gave notice that on Friday next the French would have an excursion in honor of the proclaiming of the First Republic. They are to take the steamboat Laura Knapp at Pier No. 3 North River, at 2 o'clock.

The Convention adjourned till Wednesday, the 97th last. on the proposed License Law, taking decided ground

THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

A meeting of the liquor dealers of Brooklyn was held at the City Hetel on Tuesday evening. The object was to take such measures as they might deem necessary for the protection of their business. An organization was effected by the appointment of Wm. hite as President, Wm. Markey as Secretary, and Wm. McGuire as Treasurer. A Committee on Reso-Wm. McGuire as Treasurer. A Committee on Resolutions was appointed, and they retired for consultation, when addresses were made by several. The substance of the remarks were, that the action of the Board of Excise in granting some licenses and refusing others, was arbitrary and unjust that all applicants who had the necessary accommodations were by law and right entitled to their licenses, and that in order to test the legality of the action of the Board, they had assembled to form an association and provide means to defray any expenses in which the members might be involved in case of prosecution. They amounted their determination to sail liquer, il-

curse or no license, with the provise that they would strictly observe the Sundaylas. The resolutions reported by the Committee were to this effect, and a Committee of six, with the Chairman, consisting of Wm. White, Charles O'Nell, Thomas effects, of own Mallory, Thomas Sharp, Patrick Creas and Mr. O'dlagher, were appointed, with power to employ northing up their places of business, and thus depriving them of the means of precuring subsistence for the needed and families. A general invitation was then extended to those present to join the association, which was responded to by about forty, who paid down \$5 each initiation fee. The meeting soon after adjourned.

THE SAVANNAH RELIEF.

Yesterdey morning at 11 o clock the Sub-Committee met at the Bank of the Republic, to hand in amounts collected for the Savannah sufferers. The meeting was called to order at 10 minutes past 11 o'clock, J. B. Lamar, Esq., in the chair. The Committee then stated that they had collected since last meeting \$45-32. The President was authorized to forward the above amount immediately. The meeting \$45-32. The President was authorized to forward the above amount immediately. The meeting \$45-32. The President was authorized to forward the above amount immediately. The meeting \$45-32. The President was authorized to forward the above amount immediately. The meeting \$45-32. The President was authorized to forward the above amount immediately. The meeting \$45-32. The President was authorized to forward the above amount immediately. The meeting \$45-32. The President was authorized to forward the above amount immediately. The meeting \$45-32. The President was authorized to forward the above amount immediately. The meeting \$45-32. The President was authorized to forward the above mentioned United States Consuls with instructions from this Department. In the event of the actual shipment of papers or criminals to the lame of the state of the case.

In reply I have to inform you that this Department will cheeffully cooperate with the propose of bei

amounts collected for the Savannah sufferers. The meeting was called to order at 10 minutes past 11 o'clock, J. B. Lamar, Esq., in the chair. The Committee then stated that they had collected since last meeting \$55-32. The President was authorized to forward the above amount immediately. The meeting adjourned to meet at the Bank on Saturday, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

The following are the subscriptions already received:

ceived:
O'Neil Hill & Co. \$300 New York Matual Ins.
O'Neil Hill & Co. \$300 New York Matual Ins.
Units Mut Ins. Co. \$300 Co. \$100
Co. \$300 Daniel Drake Smith 25
100 G. S. Robine & Son. \$5

E. K. Coltina	. 100 G. S. Robine & Son 50
M. Morgan	100 (G. S. Robins & Son
Carb	25 J H. Brower & Co 30
Atlas Mutual Ins. Co	100 Dennistonn, Wood & Co 50
Orient Metual Ins. Co	. 100 Mat. Life Ins. Co 100
Berbee & Co	10 W C Pickersell & Co 25
Mercantile Mutual	100 Brown, Bro's & Co 100
Wm. Hoge & Co	50 H 5
Duncan, Sherman & Co	100 Cash
Kateloum Rosers & Re-	Kerney Easton & Co 30
ment	. 25 Merle, Gourlie & Co 25
Samuel Willets	. 50 Cash
Booth & Eduar	25 People & Co 3
Treadwell, Acker & Co	. 50 H. Schmidt & Co 2
Silas Bronson	. 100 Wm. Lobech & Schepler . 25
George C Dunbar	100 O & Co 25
Jna Fewler & Talmadge	. 50 Cash-T. V. & D 10
Wheeler & Lacey	. 50 Cash 10
S. Van Bemeboten	25 Marrie & Marrien 25
Moses Webs	25 T. G. C
R. Caldwell & Co	, 25 S. Stone & Son 25
John Holmes	10 ling
Culbert & Finley	. 10 A O. Parmelee 50
E & R. R. Graves	, 50 Peter D. Muller 25
Cash	10 Harndon's Express 100
Taber & Co	. 29 Clark, Libby & Co 20
Smith & Patrick	. 25 J. & P. O'Grady 3
C. Straver	to Habitahaw & Pryon 20
Thirten Maillard & Co	25 C. M. Connolly 100
Sples, Christ & Jay	. 25 Dubole & Vandervoort 50
Bennard & Hutten	. 25 L. M. Hoffman
De Rham & Moore	25 McCready, Mott & Co 50
Coffin, Haydock & Co	. 25 H. & D. Pomeroy 25
Andree & Co	25 Aymar & Co
Massie & Walker	25 George Collins, Jr 6
E. W. Tiers	. 25 Sims & Cheever of Apalach-
Cebra & Cuming	25 Milliams & Gnion 25
Hatchking Fenner & Ber	g- Samuel T. Tisdale 50
nett	25 D. Appleton & Co 25
Patteson, Adams & Co	25 Strong, Adriance & Co 25
Duran & Leland	25 David Haiden 20 26 W C. Pickersall & Co. 25 26 Brown, Bro's & Co 100 30 H 5 5 Dec. Cash 5 5 Dec. Cash 5 5 Dec. Cash 5 28 Brawell & Thomas 5 29 Branwell & Thomas 5 20 Brate & Gourlie & Co 5 20 Merle, Gourlie & Co 5 20 Merle, Gourlie & Co 5 21 W Wheeler & Saa 5 22 Seppe & Co 2 23 W Wheeler & Saa 5 24 Cash 5 25 Lee Co 5 26 Lee Co 5 27 Pappe & Co 2 28 Pappe & Co 2 29 Tames Lee & Co 2 25 Cash 7 V D 10 26 Cash 10 27 Lee Cash 10 28 Lee Cash 10 29 Lee Cash 10 20 Lee Cash 10 20 Lee Cash 10 21 Lee Cash 10 22 Lee Cash 10 23 Lee Cash 10 24 Cash 10 25 Seppe & Co 20 26 Peter D Muller & Gould 10 27 Cash 10 28 Cash 10 29 Cash 10 20 Cash 10 20 Cash 10 20 Cash 10 20 Lee Cash 10 20 Cash 10 20 Cash 10 20 Cash 10 21 Lee Cash 10 22 Cash 10 23 Stow & Susart 5 24 George Collins, Jr 5 25 George Collins, Jr 6 26 Whitten & Cheever of Apalach 10 29 Cash 10 20 Dennis Harris 5 20 Williams & Co 25 20 Williams & Collon 25 21 Stown & Cheever of Apalach 10 25 Stown & Cheever of Apalach 10 25 Collons & Cheever of Apalach 10 25 Collons & Cheever of Apalach 10 25 Stown & Cheever of Apalach 10 26 Cash 10 27 Stown & Co 25 28 Storney, Adriance & Co 25 28 Storney, Adriance & Co 25 29 Storney, Rennet & Co 25 20 Storney, Clearman & Co. 100 20 Storney, Clearman & Co. 100 27 Storney, Clearman & Co. 100 28 Storney, Adriance & Co 25 26 Storney, Clearman & Co. 100 27 Storney, Clearman & Co. 100 28 Storney, Clearman & Co. 100 29 Storney, Clearman & Co. 100 20 Storney, Clearman & Co
Waner & Phillips	20 F. Skiddy 25
Cartwright, Harrison & Co	o. 20 J. T. Soutter
Cash k Co	. 25 M. Carpenter
J. M. Mackey	20 Brewer & Caldwell 50
Davis & Benriques	. 10 J. S. Shapter
Cash	5 H. Robinson & Co 25
S. S. Schenek	10 Granger & Gamble 25
Smallwood, Auderson & Co	a 100 J. G. Hodgkins
H. W. Delumater and oin	25 George & Brother 20
B. King	5 C. B. Hatch & Co 25
Coolidge & Young	25 E. J. Woolsey
A Lady	Se Gra G. Sampson
Vyae & Sons	56 Brown & De Rosset 25
J. W. Schmidt & Co	25 m.s
Itewiand & Aspinwali	asmuel T Testale. 59 25 D. Appleton & Co. 25 25 Shrong, Adriance & Co. 25 25 Shrong, Adriance & Co. 25 25 Shrong, Clearman & C. 100 25 Shrarge, Bennet & Co. 100 25 Shrarge, Bennet & Co. 100 25 J. T Soutier. 20 25 J. T Soutier. 20 25 M. Carpenter. 20 25 R. H. Lowry. 5 25 M. Carpenter. 20 26 H. Robinson & Co. 25 26 H. Robinson & Co. 25 26 H. Robinson & Co. 25 27 C. Brower & Caldwell. 20 28 H. Robinson & Co. 25 29 C. R. Kelly & Co. 25 20 Cearge & Brother. 20 25 E. J. Wookey. 25 26 E. J. Wookey. 25 27 28 E. R. Hatch & Co. 25 28 E. J. Wookey. 25 29 20 Calvin Durand. 100 20 Gine G Sampson. 20 20 Calvin Durand. 100 20 Gine G Sampson. 20 20 E. Cow & De Rosset. 25 25 25 25 26 E. J. Wookey. 25 25 25 26 E. J. Wookey. 25 26 27 27 28 29 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
were handed to a cent	leman from Savananh, and for-
warded by the Commit	ttee of Savannah citizens to the
Mayor of that city:	

| Mayor of that city: | Arnold, Constable & Co. | \$100 | Truman & Bright | \$25 | J. Cockran & Co. | \$25 | J. Beck & Co. | \$25 | J. Beck & Co. | \$25 | Byrd & Hall | \$25 | T. Donnelly & Co. | \$100 | Halsted, Brokaw & Co. | \$26 | Hope, Graydon & Co. | \$25 | Betler & Winter | \$20 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 | \$25 COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION.

A regular meeting of this Board was hald at the lice in Franklin-st. President Verplanck in the chair. Present, Mesers. Witthaus, Crabtree, Kelly Purday, and Dunisp.

The following letter from Dr. Bartlett to the Presi-

The following letter from Dr. Bartlett to the Prissident was read:

Draw Sin: The arrival of a number of emigrant vescels having had cholers on board, makes it my duty to use every precention to prevent that disease from being carried into the City and interior from them. In doing so I wish to protect the emigrant fund against any expenditures for which it is not justly chargeable, and am willing to do all in my power with safety under the law, to compel payment for the maintenance of emigrants while here, by parties legally bound. I fear, as cholera is now prevailing at several of the European ports, that we shall have much of this discase here, and it is desirable that some understanding should be had in the matter at once. I should be giad, if agreeable to the Commissioners, to confer with them upon the subject at once.

Very respectfully. H. E. BARTLETT, Health Officer.

The Health Officer was directed to meet the Board the aday, at 11 A. M.

the day, at 11 A. M. In regard to the above question, upon which the law specifies that the Health Officer shall detain the ship until the amount expended for the care and keep

of well passengers, shall be paid, Mr. John E. Deve in, Counsel of the Board, writes to Capt. Crabtree:

Dear Sir: In answer to your inquiry whether, in my opinion, the Commissioner can collect bills for feeding well passengers at quarantine after the ship has been released without any order from the Captain or his consigness, I have to say that there is no law authorizing seef passengers to be received at quarantine. As a consequence their expenses cannot be collected by law; but if they are only apparently well, and the Realth Officer has directed them to be received as "affected with any contagious or infectious "disease, the amount of their expenses may be legally collected, after her departure, from the owner or consigness of the ship from which they were landed. lin, Counsel of the Board, writes to Capt. Crabtree:

Total 101 101 102 Children Remaining in institution 1,000 1, Total.

Pailents in Marine Hospital.

Nurses in Marine Hospital.

Adotts in Ward's Island.

Children in Ward's Island.

Persons employed. ...1.109 Total RECAPITULATION. 1854. 1853. 253 Total 2 2 452
Againgsale receipts to Sept. 12 462 358 as Received since to Sept. 20 25,224 60

AVAVATI

After some minor business the Board adjourned to Wednesday next at the Marine Hospital, States

TEMPERANCE MASS MEETING.

A very large and respectable meeting of the friends of Temperance in Brooklyn, male and female, was held at the City Institute last evening, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the State Temperance Conventien, to meet at Auburn on the 27th inst. J. C. Shifill, Esq., called the meeting to order by nominating Andrew Fitzgerald, Esq., Chairman, and Rehe state Convention being read by the Secretary.

The Rev. J. S. Issure opened the proceedings with prayer, in which he invoked the Divine blessing upon the efforts now making in the reformation of the drunkard. The call of the State Convention being read by the Secretary. making in the reformation of the drunkard. The call of the State Convention being read by the Secretary. Mr. Smith moved that a committee be appointed to select dolegates and also to draft resolutions, which was carried, and the Chair appointed Messrs. Smith, Local, McCutcheon. Campbell and Wiggins said committee, who retired for deliberation. In the meantime the Hon. Glo. Hall gave some statistical information as to where the money goes which is paid for taxes in this county, from which it appears that during the past year there were 564 criminals in the Penitentiary, of which 117 were Americans, and of the latter many were boys born of foreign parents and brought up under the influence of grogshops. In the Jail there were 2,757 prisoners, of which number 439 were Americans, making a grand total of 9,04s, and this army was supported at an aggregate annual expense of \$312,226 cl. Mr. Hall attributed this result to the grogshops, and referred, in scathing terms, to the Excles Commissioners in granting licenses to these places. Two of them, he said, were now in jail, and the other six would be tried as soon as the courts could get time to attend to the a. The prosecution of the Board had a goed effect thus far, as the President had as yet only signed forty licenses, and it was doubtful whether he would run the risk of signing any more. The resolutions were than reported. They advocate the passage of a prohibitory liquor law; condemn the veto of Gov. Seymour, and express the determination to lay saide all other considerations until a Maine Law Governor and Legislature is elected, and the principles they contend for adopted and in force. The following delegates to the State Convention were proposed and adopted.

Mr. Alexa Campbell, Decard and Cutcheon, Herbert T. Moore.
Each delegation was empowered to fill vacancies, and the resolutions were unanimously carried.

Mr. Alexa Campbell, Josiah McCutcheon, Herbert T. Moore.
Each delegation was empowered to fill vacancies, and the resolutions were unanimously carried.

The WESTCHESTER COUNTY AGRICULTURAL FAIR is held at White Plains to-day and to-morrow. A Temperance Meeting will be held at that place to-morrow evening, which several eminent speakers

who will preach three times at Mount Vernon next THE POST-OFFICE ROBBERY.

theroughly canvassed for Temperance by the Rev. Lucies Burleton, Agent of the County Alliance,

are expected to address. The County is

On Saturday evening last Marshal Mott arrested Arthur C. Nelson, Postmaster at Keesville, Essex Co., and editor and publisher of The Kocceille Gazette of that village, on a charge of abstracting money from letters directed to his office, and of embezzling letters containing drafts, &c. At the same time Sylvater Brady, a duputy in the office, was also arrested as an accomplice.

For more than a year past losses have occurred implicating the Keesville effice, but the reputation of
Mr. Nelson as a young man respectably connected
operated to stave off investigation and in a great

operated to stave off investigation and in a sum of measure to silence rumors.

The attention of Col. North, the secret agent of the Post-Office Department, while on an official visit last week to the northern section of the State, was argantly called to the losses of letters, Sec., by mail, in the direction of Keesville, and though circumstances pointed with certainty to no one, he at once took accasures to ferret out the mystery.

What these measures were the public is of course left to conjecture; but it is sufficient for all to knew that the object and aim of them was protection to the

that the object and aim of them was protection to the secredaess of correspondence.

The accused, Mr. Nelson and Mr. Brady, were arraigned before U. S. Commissioner Beach last evening, and a number of witnesses sworn.

The first witness called was Colonei North, the Agent of the General Post-Office Department. From his testimony we gathered that a mail bag which reached the Keesville Post-Office on the afternoon of Thornday, the 14th last contained a manay letter.

his testimony we gathered that a mail bag which reached the Keesville Post-Office on the afternoon of Thornday, the 14th inst., contained a monay letter, directed to that office, and that the letter, when called for, was represented not to be there, and has not since been seen.

This circumstance led to the taking out of a warrant, upon which Marshal Mott and Colonel North made the arrest, and also to searching examinations into the conduct of the office.

A letter from the General Post-office Department, containing a draft on Nelson, as Postmastor, and in favor of B. H. Fuller, Esq., a contractor on a mail route leading out of Keesville, turned up in the course of the search. The letter in question had been called for a month or more, by Fuller sincost daily, and be Fuller) assured that so such letter had arrived for him. The letter itself scaled, and containing the draft, was found at Nelson's boarding house, is his private drawer, and under lock and key. The draft was for 85t 92. The original Washington postunck on the envelope inclosing the draft, gave syndence of having been altered.

The date was evidently "Aug. 14." at first; but it had been altered, by type corresponding to type found in the Keesville Post-office, to "Aug. 39."

Mr. Nelson's explanation of the letter being found out of his office was, that a party named Smith, who bed an indirect interest in the draft, had desired him to lay by the letter until his (Smith a) return to Keesville.

Mr. Foiller, owner of the draft, said, on his stramin-

ville. Mr. Fuller, owner of the draft, said, on his examin ection, that Smith had no interest in the draft; and wo understand Smith denies the truth of Nelson's state

etion, that Smith had no interest in the draft; and wounderstand Smith denies the truth of Nelson's statement.

Mr. Sullivan, merchant of Keesville, said, on his examination, to at on the 17th of February last he left two letters in the Keesville Post-Office, with Nelson, to be mailed, each letter containing \$100 in bank bills, one letter directed to John Hunter, Troy, and one to Hunter, Graves & Co. These letters were never heard of by Mr. Sullivan afterward, and he had been informed were never received by the parties to whom they were directed.

District-Attorney Garvin, at this stage of the proceedings, said there were other witnesses to be sworn, who had not yet arrived, by whom it was expected to prove other peculations. The examination was adjourned until this morning.

We should have before stated that Braify, the deputy, was discharged from custody before the close of the examination. There was no evidence against the was shown that at the time some of these mishaps at the office occurred he was in California.

Homeida.—We are seen a carretain that the French Giant, Mr. Antoine Behin, who has lately been exhibiting himself near the Provincial Exhibition, has slain a man named Flanagan, and is now in prison. Behin, who is said to be a respectable married man, shot Flanagan with a pistol early on Souday mercing, but how or why we shall not state, as the facts will be this morning elicited by a Coroner's Jery, which is to investigate the occurrence at 10 o clock, in the Hotel Diez. We believe it to be a sase of justifiable hemicido.